

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Dop. 1430 Abrandia, Virgini 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/055,481	01/23/2002		Carl Tung	VREX-0010USAAON00	7475	
7	590	06/17/2003	•			
VRex, Inc.			EXAMINER			
85 Executive E Elmsford, NY			CHUNG, DAVID Y			
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2871		
				DATE MAILED: 06/17/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Application No		Applicant(s)	-				
	•		10/055.481		TUNG, CARL					
•	Offic	Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
		•	David Y. Chung		2871					
	The MAIL	ING DATE of this communication ap				dress				
Period fo										
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status										
1)[Respons	ive to communication(s) filed on	·							
2a) <u></u>	This action	on is FINAL . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-	final.						
3)		s application is in condition for allov				ne merits is				
Dispositi	closed in on of Clai	accordance with the practice unde ms	r Ex parte Quayle	i, 1935 C.D. 11, ²	153 O.G. 213.					
/		1-11 is/are pending in the application								
	4a) Of the	above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from conside	ration.						
5)	Claim(s) _	is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10 and 11</u> is/are rejected.									
	7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9</u> is/are objected to.									
		are subject to restriction and/	or election requir	ement.						
l ''	on Paper									
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.										
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).										
44)□.		sed drawing correction filed on								
''/		_			oved by the Examin					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. 12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.										
i -		J.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
-		dgment is made of a claim for foreig	an priority under :	35 U.S.C. & 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
		Some * c) None of:	g., p.,		., (-, (,-					
		tified copies of the priority docume	nts have been red	eived.						
		tified copies of the priority documen			ion No					
						Stage				
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 										
14) 🗆 A	Acknowled	gment is made of a claim for domes	stic priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisiona	l application).				
		ranslation of the foreign language p Igment is made of a claim for dome								
Attachmen	it(s)			_						
2) Notic	e of Draftspe	ces Cited (PTO-892) erson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) esure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4) [5) [6) [=	ry (PTO-413) Paper No Patent Application (PT					
U.S. Patent and T	rademark Office				Part of Bases No. 6					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

1. Claims 2-4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 2 recites the limitation "wherein said second polarizing material has a polarizing characteristic substantially in quadrature from mat of said first polarizing material". Because the meaning of this limitation is unclear, the scope of the claims cannot be ascertained and the claims are indefinite. For this examination, the above limitation will be interpreted as meaning that the first and second polarizers are orthogonal to each other.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Application/Control Number: 10/055,481

Art Unit: 2871

2. Claims 1-3, 10 and 11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lazzaro et al. (U.S. 5.821,989).

As to claims 1 and 10, Lazzaro et al. discloses a stereoscopic viewing system having a pair of liquid crystal shutter panels through which the time-multiplexed perspective images can be sequentially viewed in a substantially flicker-free manner by the left and right eyes of a human viewer. See abstract. Note the cross-sectional view of the liquid crystal shutters 9A and 9B shown in figure 1B. The shutters comprise a first polarizing material 19, and a twisted nematic liquid crystal cell as the active rotator. A second polarizing material 20 is disposed in the optical path between the liquid crystal shutter glasses and the display device 2.

As to claims 2 and 11, Lazzaro et al. discloses that polarizing materials 19 and 20 have orthogonal polarization states P1 and P2. See column 10, lines 55-60.

As to claim 3, Lazzaro et al. discloses that the display device 2 in figure 1A is a CRT-based display device. See column 9, lines 1-10. A CRT-based display device is a direct view display.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

Application/Control Number: 10/055,481

Art Unit: 2871

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 5-8 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lazzaro et al. (U.S. 5,821,989).

As to claims 5 and 6, Lazzaro et al. discloses the structure of the stereoscopic liquid crystal shutter glasses but does not disclose removing the polarizer nearer the display and installing another polarizer in the optical path between the liquid crystal shutter glasses and the display device. However, it was well known and obvious to do this in order to replace polarizers that have been scratched or damaged during manufacturing. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to remove the polarizer nearer the display and install another polarizer in the optical path between the shutter and the display in order to replace scratched or damaged polarizers.

As to claim 7, Lazzaro et al. discloses that the display device 2 in figure 1A is a CRT-based display device. See column 9, lines 1-10.

As to claim 8, Lazzaro et al. does not disclose a front view projection system.

However, front view projection systems were well known and obvious for having good viewing properties. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the

Art Unit: 2871

art at the time of invention to use a front view projection system as the display device because of its good viewing properties.

Claim Objections

4. Claim 9 objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 9, which depends on claim 8, recites the limitation "wherein said display is a rear projection display screen". However, claim 8 recites the limitation "wherein said display device is a front view projection system".

Allowable Subject Matter

- Claim 4 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35
 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 6. Claim 9 objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the objection(s) under 37 CFR 1.75(c), set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claim.

Page 6

7. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: none of the prior art taught or suggested a stereoscopic liquid crystal display system comprising: liquid crystal shutter glasses each having two liquid crystal shutter assemblies each having a first polarizing material nearer the eye and an active rotator; a display device; and a second polarizer material mounted to the display screen.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Chung whose telephone number is (703) 306-0155. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30 am to 5:00 pm.

